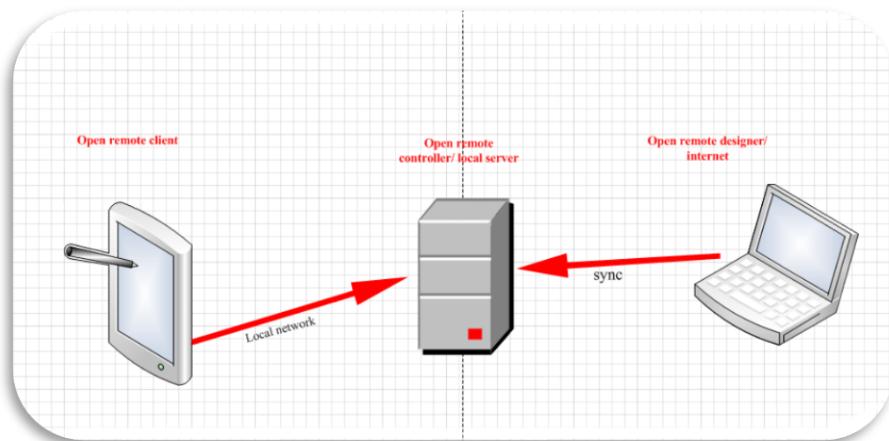


✚ Definisi Open Remote

Open remote merupakan platform berbasis cloud yang berfungsi untuk memonitoring sebuah perangkat yang dapat diakses melalui Android,Iphone,IOS, dan perangkat lainnya. Platform ini terdiri dari tiga bagian, diantaranya :



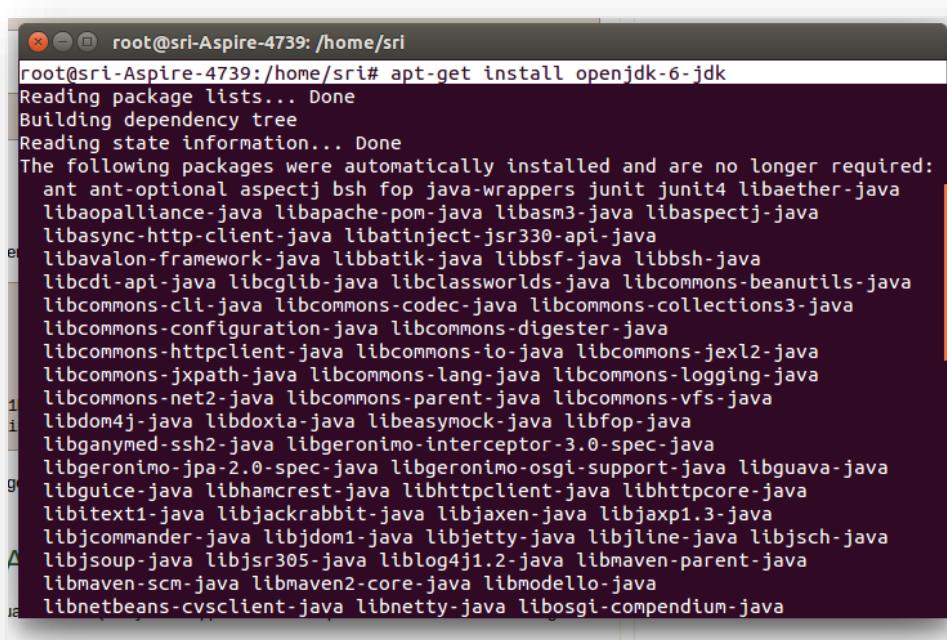
a. Gambar ilustrasi open remote

1. *Open remote controller*, berfungsi sebagai penghubung antara *client* dan *open remote designer* itu sendiri. Selain itu, *open remote controller* ini dapat membangun infrastruktur seperti : saklar, sensor, lampu, dan sebagainya yang sebelumnya telah didesain oleh *open remote designer*.
2. *Open remote client*, berfungsi sebagai interface pada Android, IOS,Iphone yang sebelumnya telah disinkronisasikan dengan local server (*open remote controller*).
3. *Open remote designer*, berfungsi sebagai tempat perancangan interface platform open remote sebelum akhirnya disinkronisasikan ke local server/ *open remote controller*.

⊕ Tutorial penggunaan platform open remote pada ubuntu server :

1. Tahap install open remote platform, dengan cara mengetikan command

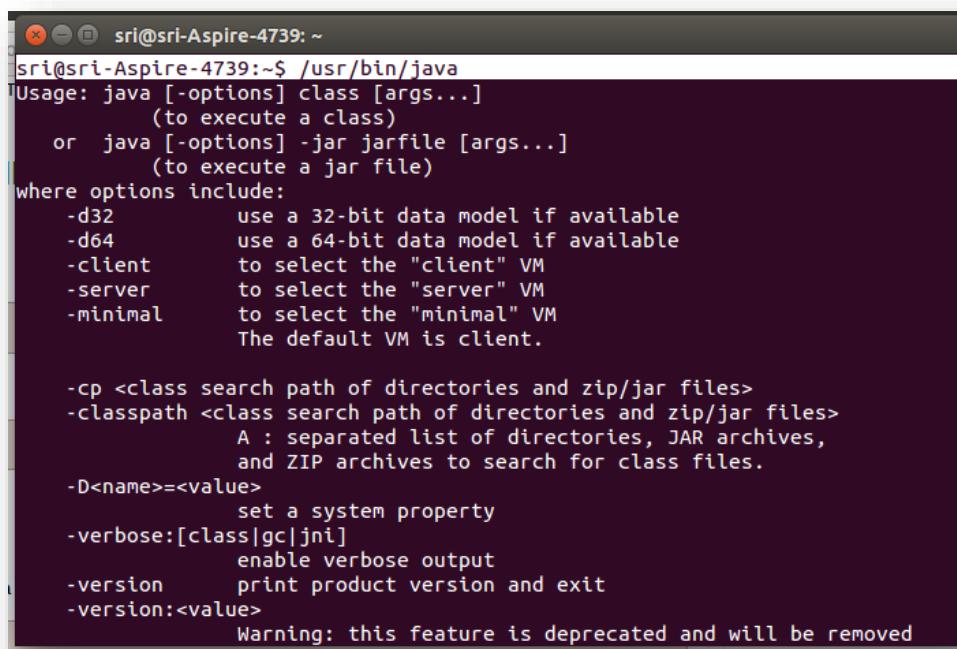
```
apt-get install openjdk-6-jdk
```



```
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/home/sri
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/home/sri# apt-get install openjdk-6-jdk
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  ant-optional aspectj bsh fop java-wrappers junit junit4 libaether-java
  libapache-pom-java libapache-pom-maven libasm3-java libaspectj-java
  libasync-http-client-java libatmosphere-jersey330-api-java
  libavalon-framework-java libbatik-java libbsf-java libbsh-java
  libcdi-api-java libcglib-java libclassworlds-java libcommons-beanutils-java
  libcommons-cli-java libcommons-codec-java libcommons-collections3-java
  libcommons-configuration-java libcommons-digester-java
  libcommons-httpclient-java libcommons-io-java libcommons-jexl2-java
  libcommons-jxpath-java libcommons-lang-java libcommons-logging-java
  libcommons-net2-java libcommons-parent-java libcommons-vfs-java
  libdom4j-java libdoxia-java libeasyMock-java libfop-java
  libganimed-ssh2-java libgeronimo-interceptor-3.0-spec-java
  libgeronimo-jpa-2.0-spec-java libgeronimo-osgi-support-java libguava-java
  libguice-java libhamcrest-java libhttpclient-java libhttpcore-java
  libitext1-java libjackrabbit-java libjaxen-java libjaxp1.3-java
  libjcommander-java libjdom1-java libjetty-java libjline-java libjsch-java
  libjsoup-java libjsr305-java liblog4j1.2-java libmaven-parent-java
  libmaven-scm-java libmaven2-core-java libmodello-java
  libnetbeans-cvsclient-java libnetty-java libosgi-compendium-java
```

2. Cek instalasi java pada terminal dengan mengetikan command

```
/usr/bin/java
```

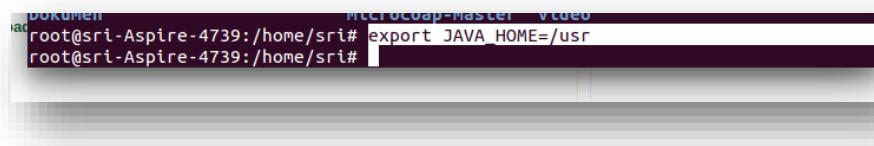


```
sri@sri-Aspire-4739: ~
sri@sri-Aspire-4739:~$ /usr/bin/java
Usage: java [-options] class [args...]
           (to execute a class)
       or  java [-options] -jar jarfile [args...]
           (to execute a jar file)
where options include:
  -d32          use a 32-bit data model if available
  -d64          use a 64-bit data model if available
  -client        to select the "client" VM
  -server        to select the "server" VM
  -minimal       to select the "minimal" VM
                 The default VM is client.

  -cp <class search path of directories and zip/jar files>
  -classpath <class search path of directories and zip/jar files>
             A : separated list of directories, JAR archives,
             and ZIP archives to search for class files.
  -D<name>=<value>
                 set a system property
  -verbose:[class|gc|jni]
                 enable verbose output
  -version      print product version and exit
  -version:<value>
                 Warning: this feature is deprecated and will be removed
```

3. Mengatur java_home environment variable dengan memberikan command

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr
```



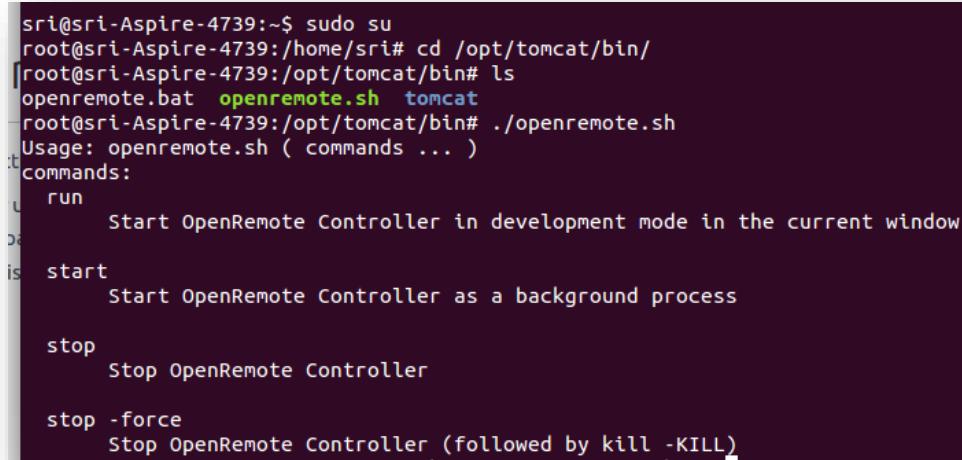
A screenshot of a terminal window titled 'Terminal'. The command 'export JAVA_HOME=/usr' is being typed into the terminal. The terminal is running on a Linux system, as indicated by the root prompt 'root@sri-Aspire-4739:'.

4. Tahap selanjutnya download dan unzip open remote controller dari

<http://download.openremote.org>.

5. Jalankan open remote controller dengan melakukan command seperti dibawah ini :

- `cd /opt/OpenRemote-Controller/bin`



A screenshot of a terminal window showing the usage of the 'openremote.sh' script. The user has run the command 'openremote.sh' and is seeing the help text. The text includes commands like 'run', 'start', 'stop', and 'stop -force'.

```
sri@sri-Aspire-4739:~$ sudo su
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/home/sri# cd /opt/tomcat/bin/
[root@sri-Aspire-4739:/opt/tomcat/bin# ls
openremote.bat  openremote.sh  tomcat
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/opt/tomcat/bin# ./openremote.sh
Usage: openremote.sh ( commands ... )
commands:
  run          Start OpenRemote Controller in development mode in the current window
  start        Start OpenRemote Controller as a background process
  stop         Stop OpenRemote Controller
  stop -force  Stop OpenRemote Controller (followed by kill -KILL)
  help         Print this help message
```

- pastikan open remote controller dapat dijalankan, jika belum dapat dijalankan ketikan perintah dibawah ini pada terminal

```
chmod +x openremote.sh
```

- setelah itu jalankan open remote controller dengan command

```
./openremote.sh run
```

```
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/opt/tomcat/bin
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/home/sri# cd /opt/tomcat/bin/
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/opt/tomcat/bin# ls
openremote.bat  openremote.sh  tomcat
root@sri-Aspire-4739:/opt/tomcat/bin# ./openremote.sh run
Using CATALINA_BASE:      /opt/tomcat
Using CATALINA_HOME:       /opt/tomcat
Using CATALINA_TMPDIR:     /opt/tomcat/temp
Using JRE_HOME:            /usr/lib/jvm/java-8-oracle

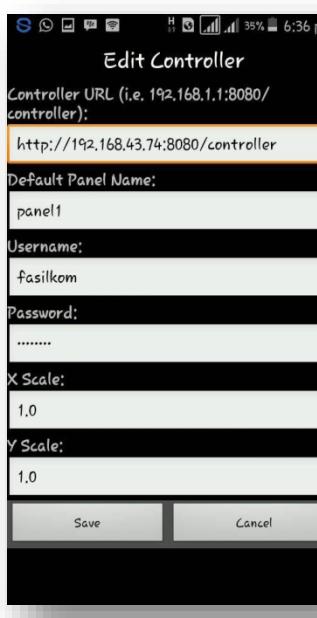
----- Logging -----

Console (stdout) threshold [CONTROLLER_CONSOLE_THRESHOLD]: INFO

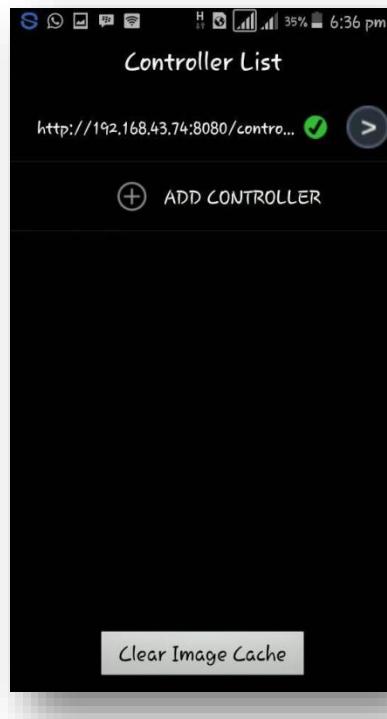
System logs:
- Controller startup log [CONTROLLER_STARTUP_LOG_LEVEL]: DEBUG

-----
Sep 26, 2016 5:57:13 PM org.apache.catalina.core.AprLifecycleListener init
INFO: The APR based Apache Tomcat Native library which allows optimal performance in production environments was not found on the java.library.path: /opt/tomcat/webapps/controller/WEB-INF/lib/native
Sep 26, 2016 5:57:14 PM org.apache.coyote.http11.Http11Protocol init
```

6. hubungkan open remote client dan open remote controller dengan mensinkronkan localhost:8080/controller/ ke device yang kita gunakan, seperti gambar dibawah ini :

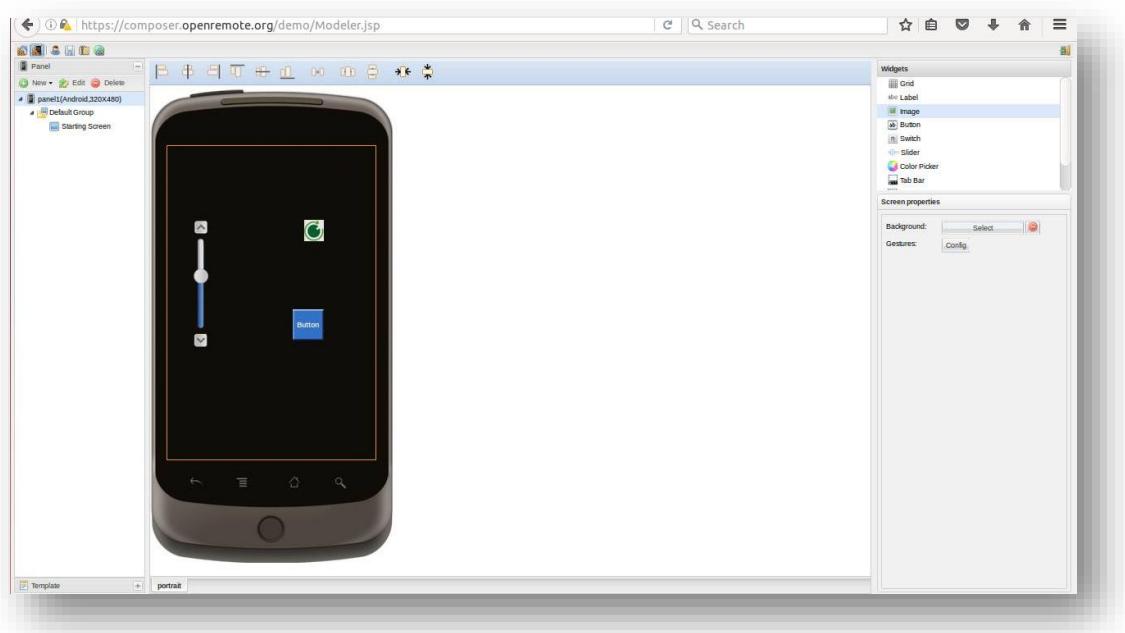
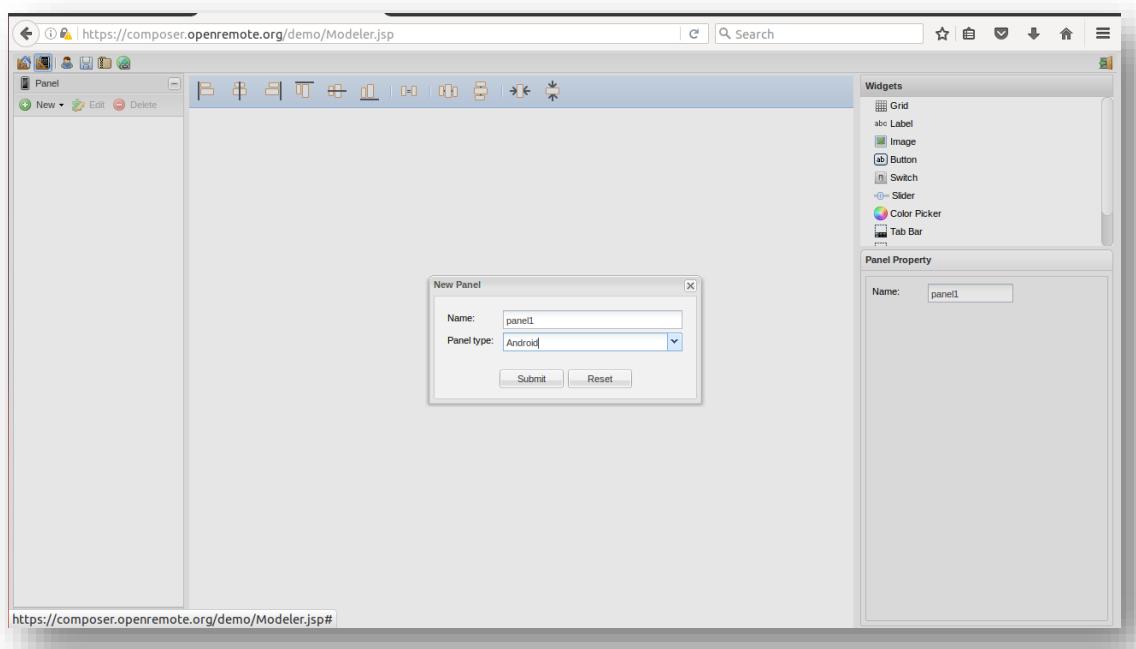


7. Setelah localhost dan client berhasil terhubung, maka di android akan muncul tanda ceklist berwarna hijau seperti gambar dibawah ini :



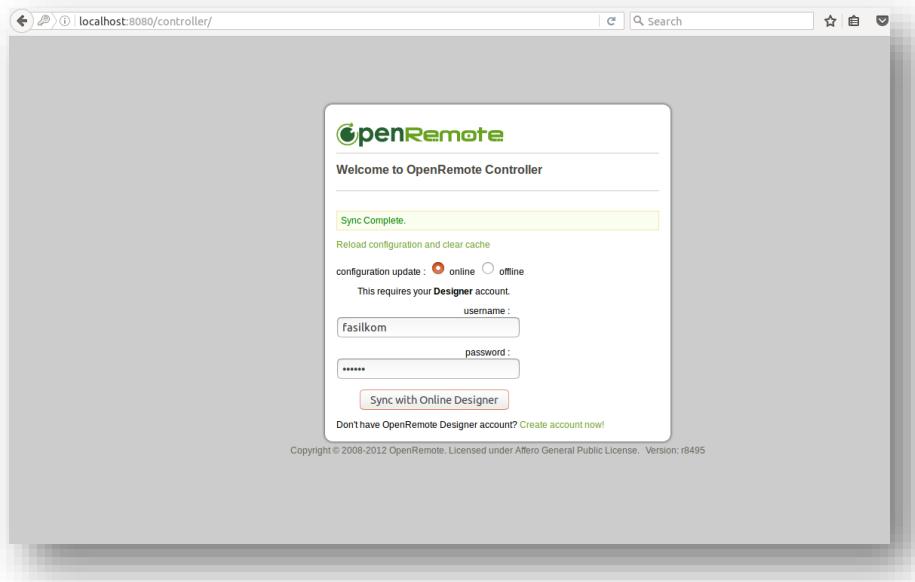
8. Setelah itu kita desain tampilan pada open remote designer , dibawah ini merupakan tahapan login hingga desain pada open remote designer :





(Gambar 8.1.) a. tampilan login ke open remote designer dengan menggunakan username dan password yang sebelumnya sudah kita aktivasi, b. tampilan untuk membuat panel baru dengan memasukan nama dan type device yang digunakan, c. tampilan desain yang akan sinkronisasi dengan open remote client.

9. Setelah mendesain tampilan pada open remote designer, langkah selanjutnya adalah mensinkronkan tampilan pada open remote client dengan open remote designer, caranya kita akses localhost:8080/controller pada webserver seperti gambar dibawah ini :



10. Dibawah ini merupakan hasil tampilan dari open remote client dan open remote designer yang telah disinkronisasikan :

